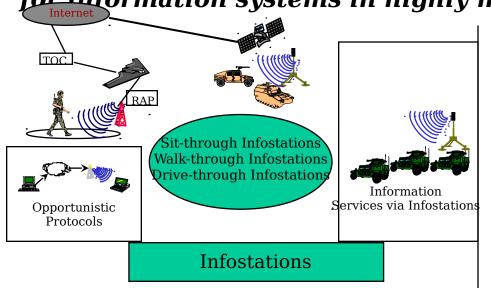
NIMBLE: Many-time, Many-where communication support for information systems in highly mobile and wireless environments



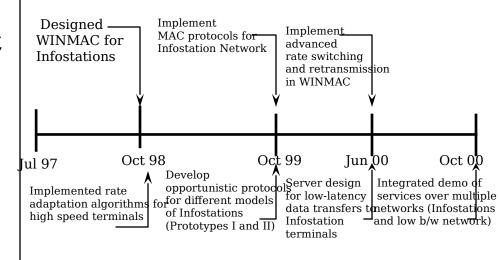
New Ideas:

- Infostations
 - •Many-time, many-where communication paradigm
 - Spotty wide-band coverage for fast data transfer
 - Different types of Infostations
- Low Latency Protocols
 - Reservation protocols for Infostations
 - Adaptive content, rates for low latency transfers
 - Caching, scheduling, transfer protocols
- Applications
 - Drive-by services
 - Spooled high speed data transfers
 - •Integrating low b/w network and infostations

Impact:

- •A new architecture for providing wide-band coverage at specific places
- Opportunistic protocols for delivering rich data at peak rate to moving terminals
- Novel service models for delivering high data rate services tailored to different.

Schedule:

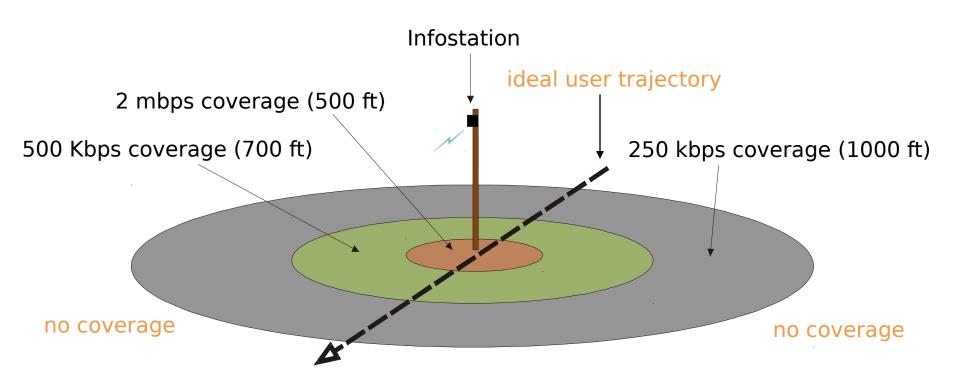


Ryngerisity rips R. Badrinath, Richard Frenkiel, David Goodman, Tomasz Imielinski

NIMBLE significant recent accomplishments

- Infostations MAC: Rate adaptation at the MAC layer Q499
 - Rate adaptation in the MAC for high velocity mobile terminals (tested 30 mph, goal 60 mph)
 - Mobile dynamically selects best available data rate using real-time channel measurements.
 - Low rate: 250 kbps, Medium rate: 500 kbps, High rate 2 Mbps
 - Significant throughput improvement in a fading (mobile) environment.
 - Allows for fringe area low bandwidth communication to overcome backbone latencies.
- Infostations MAC: Adaptive link layer retransmission. Q3 99
 - Adaptive redundant retransmission based on error in the channel
 - Threshold based retransmission: dynamically decides number of retransmissions
- Optimal file caching algorithm for an Infostation network. Q2 99
- Radio-API Simulator Q1 99
 - Testing of WINMAC blocks in a simulated environment
 - Evaluated WINMAC components

Infostation Coverage Pattern



Infostation coverage pattern:

High data rate service is available only near the infostation.

Majority of data transfer occurs at the center of the cell.

Low data rate ring is used to register and initiate a data transfer. Need fast rate switching and adaptive retransmission schemes

Rate Switching

- Mobile dynamically adjusts the rate
 - This is decided based on channel quality
 - Channel quality is determined based on the number of beacons received and their type
- If sufficient high rate beacons are received then the mobile switches to a higher rate
- Three rates implemented: 250 Kbps, 500 Kbps and 2 Mbps

Rate Switching Algorithm

Beacons are sent at three different data rates.

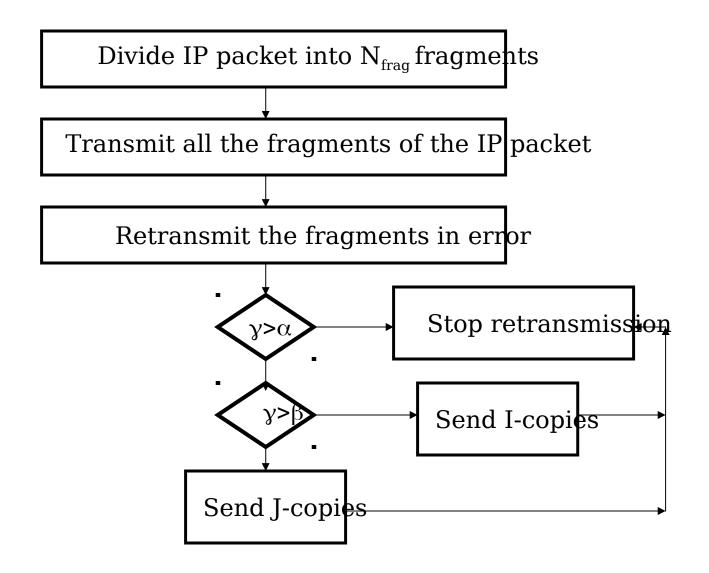
Based on the channel conditions the mobile receives one or more of these beacons.

Based on what is received the mobile makes a decision to stay at the given rate or switch to higher (lower) rate based on the beacon counters.

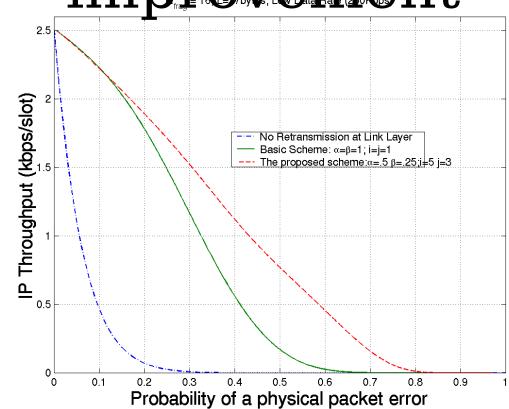
M

H = 2 Mbps, M = 500 Kbps, L=250 Kbps

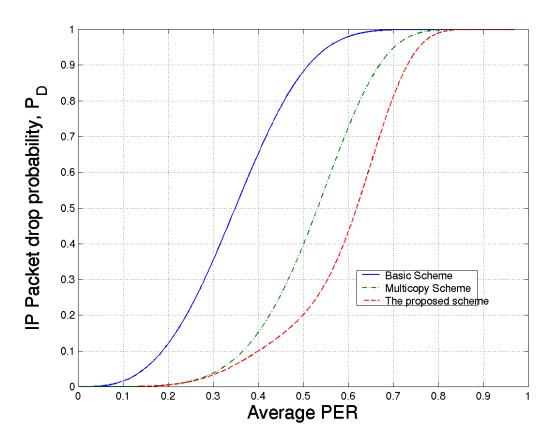
Adaptive Retransmission

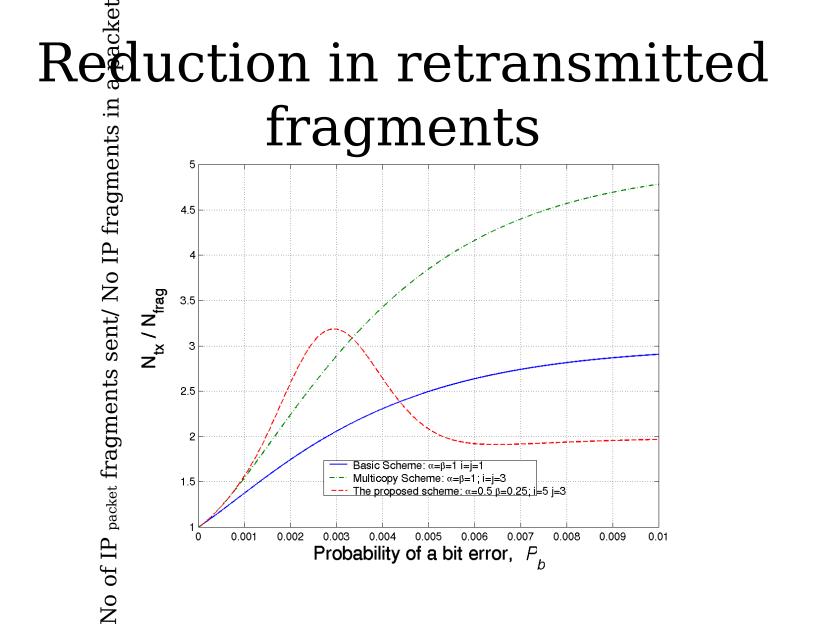


IP throughput improvement



IP packet drop probability

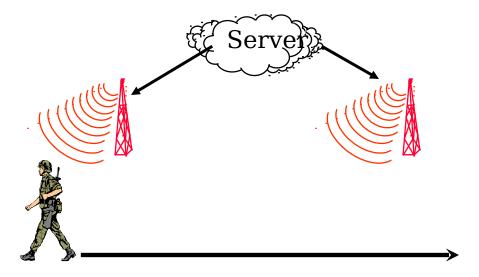




Adaptive redundant retransmission improves IP goodp

Prototype Services

Download /upload huge files from multiple infostations



Completing atomic transfers for MIME content (e-mail with attachments CD quality audio (teaming with Daimler-Chrysler))

NIMBLE FY00 Plans

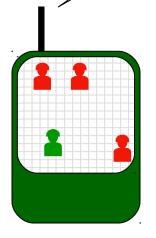
- Development of WINMAC For Infostations: 1Q/2Q00
 - Test and verify advanced rate switching scheme 1Q00
 - Complete implementation of adaptive retransmission scheme 2Q00
- Service architecture for Infostation prototypes 2Q00
 - Complete Infostation server design and deploy 2Q00
 - Complete Infostation client design for various applications 2Q00
- Build and demo Infostation prototype II 3Q/4Q00
- Integrated demo plans (Final GloMo Demonstration)
 - Build and demo services using Infostations prototype II
 - Show reconciliation of a distributed database via Infostations . Show atomic transfer of data via an Infostations network 4Q00

Possible plan for final demo

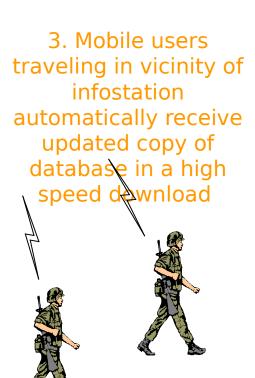
Infostation



1. Warfighters gather troop position data on handheld terminal



2. Upon approaching infostation, new data is automatically uploaded at high speed and data base is reconciled



Rutgers NIMBLE -Schedule

Tasks	FY97	FY98	10 20030 40	10 20430 40	FY01
 Infostation architecture R&D Develop Service Architecture for InfoStation ne Distributed Data Caching for InfoStation Cluste Service Deployment over InfoStation Network 	twork $\sqrt{2}$	8	13	16	
II. Adaptive Protocol R &D •WINMac development for InfoStations •Integration of InfoStations with other types of Networks (IP, PSTN) •End-to-End protocols for content delivery	1	3 4 7		15 20	
 III. Integrated system demos InfoStation Prototype I Infostation Prototype II Location dependent service Integrated demo using Infostation prototype II 		5_6			

Milestones

FY99

4Q98	Complete	ed					
lutgers 4Q98	Completed						
s Rutgers	3Q99	Completed					
Rutgers 1Q99	Complete	ed					
11. Complete Implementation of reservation							
2Q99	On Schedule						
2Q99	Completed						
13. Design of control and data channel for							
Completed							
14. Simulate performance of real-time services							
Completed							
Rutgers	1Q00	On Schedule					
Rutgers		2Q00 On Schedule					
lutgers	2Q00	On Schedule					
Rutgers	2Q00	On Schedule					
19.Demonstrate information services with							
On Schedule							
Rutgers	4Q00	On Schedule					
	utgers 4Q98 Rutgers utgers 1Q99 2Q99 2Q99 Completed Rutgers Rutgers Rutgers utgers Rutgers Utgers Rutgers Completed Rutgers Rutgers Rutgers Completed	utgers 4Q98 Complete Rutgers 3Q99 utgers 1Q99 Complete 2Q99 On Sched 2Q99 Complete 2Q99 Complete Completed Rutgers 1Q00 Rutgers utgers 2Q00 Rutgers 2Q00 On Schedule					